

Linear State-Space Model with Time-Varying Dynamics

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Motivation

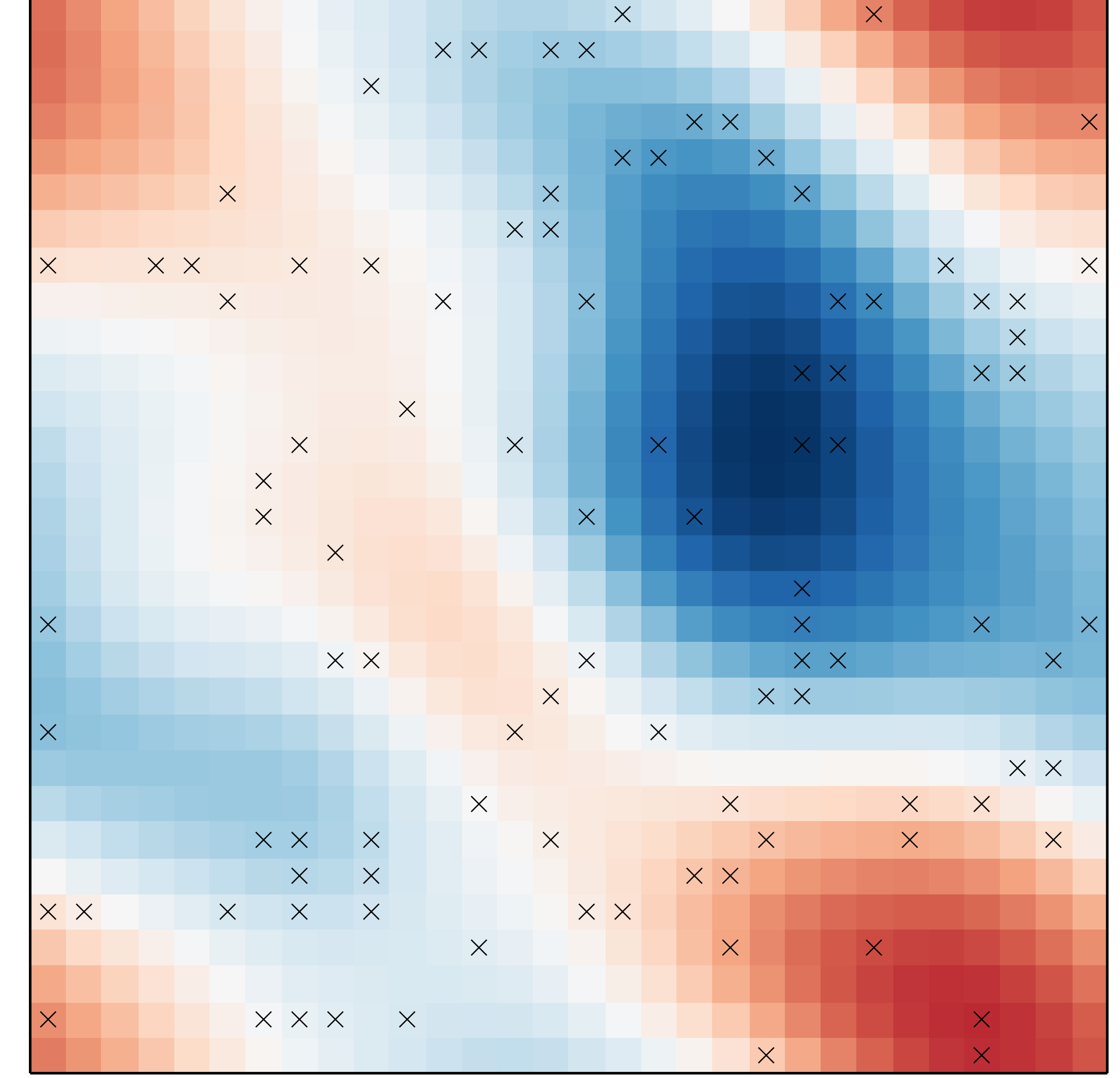
Statistical modelling of physical processes whose parameters vary in time.

Domain

- Spatio-temporal physical processes
- (Stochastic) linear partial differential equations (PDE)
- Arbitrary measurement locations
- Measurements at regular time intervals

Focus of the contribution

Parameters of the PDE vary in time (e.g., wind direction changes)



Snapshot of an advection-diffusion process.
Crosses denote measurement locations.

Model

Linear state-space model:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Observations:} \quad & \mathbf{y}_n = \mathbf{C}\mathbf{x}_n + \text{noise}, \\ \text{Latent states:} \quad & \mathbf{x}_n = \mathbf{W}_n\mathbf{x}_{n-1} + \text{noise}, \end{aligned}$$

Time-varying state dynamics matrix $\mathbf{W}_n$ as a time-varying linear combination of matrices $\mathbf{B}_k$:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{State dynamics matrix:} \quad & \mathbf{W}_n = \sum_{k=1}^K s_{kn} \mathbf{B}_k, \\ \text{Mixing weights:} \quad & \mathbf{s}_n = \mathbf{A}\mathbf{s}_{n-1} + \text{noise}, \end{aligned}$$

Stochastic Advection-Diffusion Process with Time-Varying Advection

$$\text{Simulated process:} \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial t} = \delta \nabla^2 f - \mathbf{v} \cdot \nabla f + R,$$

- Velocity field $\mathbf{v}$ changes in time.
- Source R is stochastic.
- 100 measurement locations
- Five experiments: predictive RMSE for temporal gaps

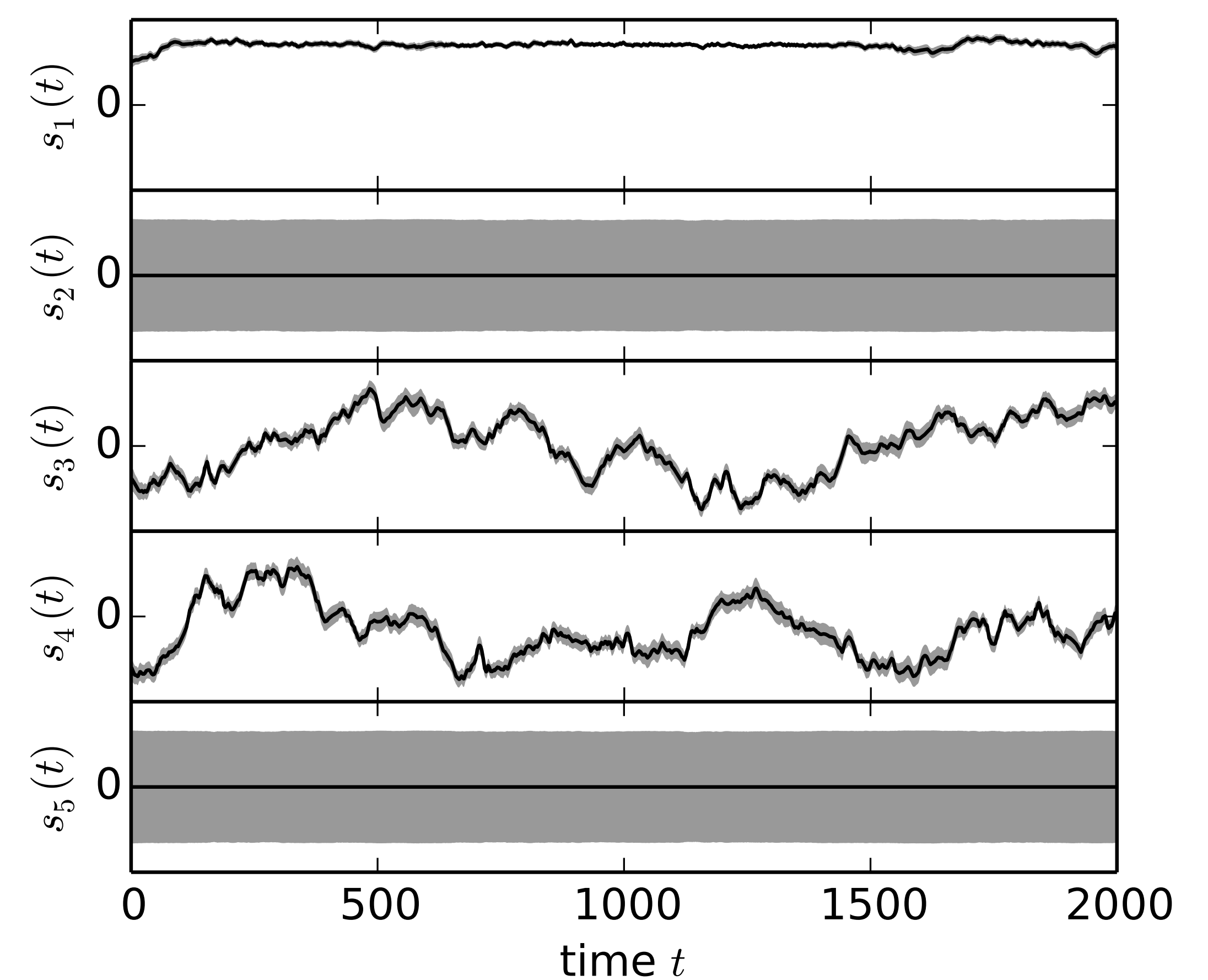
Method	1	2	3	4	5
Standard LSSM	104	107	102	94	104
LSSM with switching dynamics	106	117	113	94	102
LSSM with time-varying dynamics	73	81	75	67	82

Inference

- Use the Bayesian framework.
- Approximate posterior using variational Bayes (VB).
- Factorize with respect to the variables:

$$p(\mathbf{X}, \mathbf{C}, \mathbf{B}, \mathbf{S}, \mathbf{A}, \Theta | \mathbf{Y}) \approx q(\mathbf{X})q(\mathbf{C})q(\mathbf{B})q(\mathbf{S})q(\mathbf{A})q(\Theta).$$

- Update each $q(\dots)$ in turns (VB-EM algorithm).
- The method is available in BayesPy, a Python package for VB inference.



Posterior of the mixing weights $\mathbf{s}_k(n)$.

one constant component $\sim$ average dynamics
two varying components $\sim$ velocity field